ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

OF

[WASHINGTON FOUNDATION SHAREHOLDER]

The undersigned, acting as the incorporator of a corporation under the provisions of the Washington Nonprofit Corporation Act (Chapter 24.03 of the Revised Code of Washington) (the "-"Act"), hereby signs and verifies the following Articles of Incorporation for such corporation.

ARTICLE I NAME

The name of the corporation shall be the ["<u>Washington</u> Foundation Shareholder"] (hereinafter referred to as the "**Corporation**").

ARTICLE II DURATION

The duration of the existence of this Corporation shall be thirteen (13) years from and after the date of its incorporation. perpetual.

ARTICLE III PURPOSES AND POWERS

Section 1 **Purposes.** The Corporation is organized exclusively for the promotion of social welfare and charitable purposes within the meaning of Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code") and, subject to the limitations set forth in these Articles of Incorporation, is expressly empowered to devote more than an insubstantial part of its activities to attempting to influence legislation by propaganda or otherwise; provided that such legislation promotes the efficient use of health care resources by simplifying and reducing the administrative burdens of health care providers and Health Insurers in Washington and Alaska. "Health Insurer" shall be defined as any entity engaged in the business of providing coverage of or the administration of health benefits, including, without limitation, any health insurer, health care service contractor, hospital and medical service corporation, health maintenance organization, health carrier or health plan in Washington or Alaska. Subject to Section 501(c)(4) of the Code and the regulations thereunder (as the same may be amended or replaced), the Corporation's specific purposes are to promote the health of the residents of the states State of Washington and Alaska by such measures as: [Purposes to be finalized after further discussion between PREMERA and state officials, taking into account input from interested members of the community.]

(a) improving health education and awareness;

- (b) (a) improving the availability of quality, affordable of health care and access to health care and related services;
- (bc) addressing the unmet health care needs of <u>low-income</u> uninsured and underinsured populations;
- (ed) supporting the education of health care providers to increase the number of active physician and nonphysician providers and developing more efficient and effective health care delivery modelsphysicians, including specialists, and nurses in medically underserved areas;
- (de) supporting programs of medical, surgical and other scientific research aiming to (i) make health care delivery more comprehensive and flexible, and (ii) develop and promote the most efficient uses of health care facilities, resources, and services;
- (f) (e) supporting initiatives to address short and long-term public health care needs and concerns; supporting community based and culturally competent programs that may address one or more of the foregoing purposes;
- (g) conducting health policy research and analysis for the development of health policy that will promote systemic change in the programs and activities related to the foregoing purposes; and
- (f) providing grants and establishing programs to carry out such purposes;
- (g) lobbying and otherwise attempting to influence legislation that promotes the efficient use of health care resources by simplifying and reducing the administrative burdens of health care providers and Health Insurers in Washington and Alaska; and
- (h) otherwise serving the health care needs of residents of the states of Washington and Alaska.
- **Section 2. Powers.** In furtherance of the foregoing purposes, other than lobbying purposes, the Corporation shall, consistent with the provisions hereof, applicable law, and any agreement, plan or other instrument governing the property granted, bequeathed, devised, or otherwise transferred to the Corporation and which is the source of funds for grants made by the Corporation, make grants to (i) one or more Washington nonprofit corporations exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code; and (ii) one or more Alaska nonprofit corporation exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code. The Corporation also the Corporation may (i) receive property (including, without limitation, membership interests or ownership interests in PREMERA (or any successor thereto)) by gift, devise or bequest; (ii) invest and reinvest the same, and consistent with the provisions hereof, applicable law, and any agreement, plan or other instrument governing the property granted, bequeathed, devised or otherwise

transferred to, a Washington nonprofit miscellaneous corporation, or any successor thereto, including without limitation stock in a for-profit corporation that is a successor thereto) (collectively, the "PREMERA Interests") in connection with PREMERA's conversion from a nonprofit corporation to a for-profit corporation or otherwise; (ii) invest and reinvest the same, and consistent with the provisions hereof, applicable law, and any agreement, plan, or other instrument governing the property of the Corporation, apply the income and principal thereof, as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine either directly or through contributions to any charitable organization or organizations that are tax-exempt under the Code, exclusively for charitable, religious, scientific, literary or educational purposes, provided that such contributions shall only be made for, and their use restricted to, promoting the health of the residents of the State of Washington; and (iii) engage in any lawful activity which may be necessary, useful, or desirable for the furtherance, accomplishment, fostering, or attainment of the foregoing purposes, either directly or indirectly, and either alone or in conjunction or cooperation with others, whether such others be persons or organizations of any kind or nature, such as corporations, firms, associations, trusts, institutions, foundations, or governmental bureaus, departments, or agencies. Subject to the foregoing, the above powers shall include the authority to exchange, transfer, or sell the PREMERA Interests.

Section 3. **General.** In general, and subject to such limitations and conditions as are or may be prescribed by law, or in the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws, the Corporation shall have all powers which now or hereafter are conferred by law upon a corporation organized for the purposes set forth above, or are necessary or incidental to the powers so conferred, or are conducive to the attainment of the Corporation's purposes.

ARTICLE IV LIMITATIONS AND CONDITIONS

- Section 1. Activities Consistent with Limitations of Section 501(c)(4). Notwithstanding any other provisions of these Articles, the Corporation shall not carry on any activities which that are prohibited for a corporation exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(4) of the Code or a successor provision thereof.
- Section 2. Political Activity. Notwithstanding the purposes set forth above, the Corporation shall not engage in any lobbying, within the meaning of the Code, in relation to any matters that may result in material adverse changes in the operations of Health Insurers. The Corporation shall not participate—in, or intervene, in (including the publishing or distribution of statements) any political campaign on behalf of (or in opposition to) any candidate for public office.
- **Section 3. No Inurement to Private Persons.** No part of the net earnings of the Corporation shall inure to the benefit of, or be distributable, to any director, officer, or other private person, except that the Corporation is authorized or empowered to pay reasonable compensation for services rendered and to make payments and distributions in furtherance of its purposes directors will be entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.

Section 4. Annual Reporting. The Corporation shall report to the public at least annually information about the Corporation, which, by way of guideline only, shall be substantially equivalent to that required of organizations qualified under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code.

Section 5. Lobbying. The Corporation shall not devote more than an insubstantial portion of its activities that, within the meaning of the Code, would constitute lobbying, the carrying on of propaganda or otherwise attempting to influence legislation. Notwithstanding the purposes set forth above, (i) the Corporation shall not use any proceeds from the sale of PREMERA Interests, or any investment income on such proceeds as invested and reinvested, in furtherance of any activities that would constitute lobbying within the meaning of the Code and (ii) the Corporation shall not engage in any lobbying, within the meaning of the Code, in relation to any matters that may result in material adverse changes in the operations of Health Insurers. "Health Insurer" shall be defined as any entity engaged in the business of providing coverage of or the administration of health benefits, including, without limitation, any health insurer, health care service contractor, hospital and medical service corporation, health maintenance organization, health carrier or health plan in Washington.

ARTICLE V MEMBERS

The Corporation shall have no members.

ARTICLE VI DIRECTORS

The management of the Corporation shall be vested in a Board of Directors. The powers and duties, number, Board of Directors shall consist of a minimum of three (3) directors, and a maximum of fifteen (15) directors. The qualifications, terms of office, manner of election, criteria for removal, time and place of meetings and powers and duties of the directors shall be prescribed in the Bylaws of the Corporation. The number of directors constituting the initial Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be three (-3) director(s). The names and addresses of the persons who are to serve as the initial directors of the Corporation are as follows:

Name Address [director] [address]

As discussed with Washington State officials and their advisors, the initial Board of Directors (the "First Board") will be appointed solely for purposes of creating the Foundation and applying to the Internal Revenue Service for recognition of the organization's tax-exempt status. If all applicable state and regulatory approvals have been obtained with respect to PREMERA's conversion, then the Attorney General of Washington will appoint successor directors, and the members of the First Board will resign and take all actions necessary to effect the installation of their successors, all pursuant to Section 3.5.2 of the Washington Foundation Shareholder's Bylaws.

ARTICLE VII DIRECTOR LIABILITY LIMITATIONS

Section 1. Investment of Trust Funds. The Corporation's receipt, by contribution or gift, of membership interests or ownership interests in PREMERA (or any successor thereto) ("PREMERA Interests") shall not result in the "prudent person" rule applicable to trust investments being applied to any member of the Corporation's Board of Directors, without regard to whether a large concentration of the Corporation's assets is in such investment or whether such investment may be considered to be speculative. Furthermore, with respect to PREMERA Interests, the Board of Directors is expressly relieved from any and all duties, liability or requirements with regard to the "Investment of Trust Funds" as set forth in Chapter 11.100 of the Revised Code of Washington, or any amendment thereto or successor statute. Section 2.—General. A director of the Corporation shall have the same immunity from liability as is granted in RCW 4.24.264. No director of the Corporation shall be personally liable to the Corporation for monetary damages for conductacts or omissions as a director, unless such conductact or omission involves (a) intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law by the director, (b) a violation of RCW 23B.08.310 or (c08.310, (c) gross negligence or (d) any transaction from which the director will personally receive a benefit in money, property, or services to which the director is not legally entitled. If the Act is hereafter amended to authorize corporate action further eliminating or limiting the personal liability of directors, then the liability of a director shall be deemed eliminated or limited to the full extent permitted by the Act, as so amended. Any repeal or modification of this Article shall not adversely affect any right or protection of a director of the Corporation existing at the time of such repeal or modification for or with respect to an act or omission of such director occurring prior to such repeal or modification.

Section 2. Assets in Trust. If and to the extent assets held by the Corporation are deemed to be held in trust for purposes of RCW Chapter 11.100, the specific requirements of such Chapter shall be expanded, restricted, eliminated or otherwise altered by the provisions of the Corporation's Articles and Bylaws. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the directors of the Corporation (and any officer, employee or agent acting under such directors) shall be relieved of the following duties and limitations under RCW Chapter 11.100 with respect to the Corporation's receiving, holding and/or disposing of membership or ownership interests in PREMERA (or any successor thereto) ("PREMERA Interests"):

- (a) All requirements of RCW 11.100.020;
- (b) The ten percent (10%) limit of RCW 11.100.023;
- (c) Any duty to beneficiaries under RCW 11.100.045;
- (d) The duty to diversify investments under RCW 11.100.047;
- (e) Any duty to diversify, or to exercise due care and prudence in the disposition or retention of the PREMERA Interests, under RCW 11.100.060;

- (f) The duties of RCW 11.100.130 if deemed applicable to the directors;
- (g) The requirements of RCW 11.100.140; and
- (h) Any other or successor statute of similar import.

If and to the extent the proceeds of sale of PREMERA Interests are deemed to be held in trust for purposes of RCW Chapter 11.100, or subject to RCW Chapter 11.100 in any respect, the provisions of RCW Chapter 11.100 shall apply to such proceeds without regard to the provisions of this Article VII, Section 2.

ARTICLE VIII INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

Section 1. Authority to Indemnify. The Definitions. As used in this Article VIII:

- (a) "Agent" means an individual who is, or was, an agent of the Corporation or an individual who, while an agent of the Corporation, is, or was, serving at the Corporation's request as a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or agent of another foreign or domestic corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or other enterprise. "Agent" includes, unless the context requires otherwise, the estate or personal representative of an Agent.
- (b) "Corporation" means this Corporation, and any domestic or foreign successor entity.
- (c) "Director" means an individual who is, or was, a director of the Corporation or an individual who, while a director of the Corporation, is, or was, serving at the Corporation's request as a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or agent of another foreign or domestic corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or other enterprise. "Director" includes, unless the context requires otherwise, the estate or personal representative of a Director.
- (d) "Employee" means an individual who is, or was, an employee of the Corporation or an individual who, while an employee of the Corporation, is, or was, serving at the Corporation's request as a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or agent of another foreign or domestic corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or other enterprise. "Employee" includes, unless the context requires otherwise, the estate or personal representative of an Employee.
- (e) "Expenses" means all fees and expenses incurred in any Proceeding, including without limitation, the fees and expenses of counsel.
- (f) "Indemnitee" means an individual made a Party to a Proceeding because the individual is, or was, a Director, Officer, Employee, or Agent, and who possesses indemnification rights pursuant to the Articles of Incorporation, the Corporation's Bylaws, or other corporate action. The term shall also include, for Officers, Employees,

- or Agents, service at the Corporation's request as a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or agent of another foreign or domestic corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or other enterprise. "Indemnitee" shall also include the heirs, executors, and other successors in interest of such individuals.
- (g) "Liability" means the obligation to pay a judgment, settlement, penalty, or fine, including an excise tax assessed with respect to an employee benefit plan, or reasonable Expenses incurred with respect to a Proceeding.
- (h) "Officer" means an individual who is, or was, an officer of the Corporation or an individual who, while an officer of the Corporation, is, or was, serving at the Corporation's request as a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or agent of another foreign or domestic corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan, or other enterprise. "Officer" includes, unless the context requires otherwise, the estate or personal representative of an Officer.
- (i) "Party" includes an individual who was, is, or is threatened to be, named a defendant or a respondent in a Proceeding.
- (j) "Proceeding" means any threatened, pending, or completed action, suit, or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, or investigative, and whether formal or informal.
- Section 2. Authority to Indemnify. Pursuant to RCW 23B.08.560, the Corporation shall have the power and duty to indemnify, including advancing expenses to, any director, officer, employee or agent Director, Officer, Employee or Agent of the Corporation made, or threatened to be made, a party to any suit or legal proceeding Proceeding by reason of the fact that he or she is, or was a director, officer, employee or agent, a Director, Officer, Employee or Agent of the Corporation, or arising out of his or her activities undertaken on behalf of the Corporation, without regard to the limitations in RCW 23B.08.510 through 23B.08.550, except that such indemnity shall not apply on account of:
 - (a) Acts or omissions of such person finally adjudged to be intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law or gross negligence;
 - (b) Withwith respect to directors Directors, conduct of the director Director finally adjudged to be in violation of RCW 23B.08.310; or
 - (c) Anyany transaction with respect to which it was finally adjudged that such person personally received a benefit in money, property₂ or services to which the person was not legally entitled.

This indemnity shall continue after a person has ceased to be a director, officer, employee Director, Officer, Employee or agent Agent of the Corporation and may inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors, and administrators of such a person.

Section 2. Nonexclusivity of Rights 3. Indemnification Rights of Directors, Officers, Employees and Agents. Notwithstanding Section 2 hereof, the Corporation shall indemnify its Directors, Officers, Employees and Agents to the full extent permitted by applicable law as then in effect against Liability arising out of a Proceeding to which such individual was made a Party because the individual is or was a Director, Officer, Employee or Agent of the Corporation. The Corporation shall advance Expenses incurred by such persons who are parties to a Proceeding in advance of final disposition of the Proceeding, as provided herein. The right to indemnification and the payment of expenses incurred in defending a proceeding in advance of its final disposition Expenses conferred in this Article shall not be exclusive of any other right which any person may have or hereafter acquire under any statute, provision of the Articles of Incorporation, Bylaws, agreement, vote of disinterested directors or Directors or otherwise.

Section 4. Procedure for Seeking Indemnification and/or Advancement of Expenses.

Section 4.1. Notification and Defense of Claim. Indemnitee shall promptly notify the Corporation, in any manner and by any means permitted under the Act, of any Proceeding for which indemnification could be sought under this Article. In addition, Indemnitee shall give the Corporation such information and cooperation as it may reasonably require and as shall be within Indemnitee's power. With respect to any such Proceeding as to which Indemnitee has notified the Corporation:

- (a) The Corporation shall be entitled to participate therein at its own expense; or
- (b) Except as otherwise provided below, to the extent that it may wish, the Corporation, jointly with any other indemnifying Party similarly notified, will be entitled to assume the defense thereof, with counsel satisfactory to Indemnitee. Indemnitee's consent to such counsel may not be unreasonably withheld.

After notice from the Corporation to Indemnitee of its election to assume the defense, the Corporation will not be liable to Indemnitee under this Article for any Expenses subsequently incurred by Indemnitee in connection with such defense. However, Indemnitee shall continue to have the right to employ its counsel in such Proceeding, if:

- (i) The employment of counsel by Indemnitee has been authorized by the Corporation, in which case all Expenses shall be borne by Indemnitee;
- (ii) Indemnitee shall have reasonably concluded that there may be a conflict of interest between the Corporation and Indemnitee in the conduct of such defense, in which case all Expenses shall be borne by Indemnitee; or
- (iii) The Corporation shall not, in fact, have employed counsel to assume the defense of such Proceeding, in which case Expenses related to Indemnitee's counsel shall be borne by the Corporation.

The Corporation shall not be entitled to assume the defense of any Proceeding brought by, or on behalf of, the Corporation or as to which Indemnitee shall reasonably have made the conclusion that a conflict of interest may exist between the Corporation and the Indemnitee in the conduct of the defense.

Section 4.2. Information to be Submitted and Method of Determination and Authorization of Indemnification. For the purpose of pursuing rights to indemnification under this Article, Indemnitee shall submit to the Board or Directors a sworn statement requesting indemnification and reasonable evidence of all amounts for which such indemnification is requested (together, the sworn statement and the evidence constitute an "Indemnification Statement").

Submission of an Indemnification Statement to the Board of Directors shall create a presumption that the Indemnitee is entitled to indemnification hereunder, and the Corporation shall, within sixty (60) calendar days thereafter, make the payments requested in the Indemnification Statement to, or for the benefit of, the Indemnitee, unless: (a) within such sixty (60) calendar day period it shall be determined by the Corporation that the Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification under this Article; (b) such vote shall be based upon clear and convincing evidence (sufficient to rebut the foregoing presumption); and (c) the Indemnitee shall receive notice of such determination, which notice shall be given in any manner and by any means permitted under the Act, and shall disclose with particularity the evidence upon which the determination is based.

The foregoing determination shall be made (a) by the Board of Directors by majority vote of a quorum consisting of Directors not at the time parties to the Proceeding; (b) if a quorum cannot be obtained under (a) in this paragraph, by majority vote of a committee duly designated by the Board of Directors, in which designation Directors who are parties may participate, consisting solely of two or more Directors not at the time parties to the Proceeding; or (c) special legal counsel selected by the majority vote of a quorum of the Board of Directors not at the time parties to the Proceeding.

Any determination that the Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification, and any failure to make the payments requested in the Indemnification Statement, shall be subject to judicial review by any court of competent jurisdiction.

- <u>Section 4.3. Special Procedure Regarding Advance for Expenses.</u> An Indemnitee seeking payment of Expenses in advance of a final disposition of the Proceeding must furnish the Corporation, as part of the Indemnification Statement:
 - (a) an affirmation, given in any manner and by any means permitted under the Act, of the Indemnitee's good faith belief that the Indemnitee has met the standard of conduct required to be eligible for indemnification; and
 - (b) an undertaking, made in any manner and by any means permitted under the Act, constituting an unlimited general obligation of the Indemnitee, to repay

the advance if it is ultimately determined by the final disposition of a court of competent jurisdiction that the Indemnitee did not meet the required standard of conduct.

If the Corporation determines that indemnification is authorized, the Indemnitee's request for advance of Expenses shall be granted.

Section 4.4. Settlement. The Corporation is not liable to indemnify Indemnitee for any amounts paid in settlement of any Proceeding without the Corporation's consent, given in any manner and by any means permitted under the Act. The Corporation shall not settle any Proceeding in any manner that would impose any penalty or limitation on Indemnitee without Indemnitee's consent, given in any manner and by any means permitted under the Act. Neither the Corporation nor Indemnitee may unreasonably withhold its consent to a proposed settlement.

Section 5. Contract and Related Rights.

Section 5.1. Contract Rights. The right of an Indemnitee to indemnification and advancement of Expenses is a contract right upon which the Indemnitee shall be presumed to have relied in determining to serve, or to continue to serve, in his or her capacity with the Corporation. Such right shall continue as long as the Indemnitee shall be subject to any possible Proceeding. Any amendment to, or repeal of, this Article shall not adversely affect any right or protection of an Indemnitee with respect to any acts or omissions of such Indemnitee occurring prior to such amendment or repeal.

Section 5.2. Optional Insurance, Contracts, and Funding. The Corporation

- (a) maintain insurance, at its expense, to protect itself and any Indemnitee against any Liability;
- (b) enter into contracts with any Indemnitee in furtherance of this Article and consistent with the Act; and
- (c) create a trust fund, grant a security interest, or use other means (including, without limitation, a letter of credit) to ensure the payment of such amounts as may be necessary to effect indemnification as provided in this Article.

The Corporation's indemnity of any person indemnified by this Article VIII, or who is otherwise entitled to indemnification, shall be reduced by any amount collected by such person (i) under an insurance policy purchased in such person's behalf by the Corporation or another person or entity, (ii) from another person or entity.

Section 5.3. Severability. If any provision or application of this Article shall be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this Article and its remaining applications shall not be affected thereby, and shall continue in full force and effect.

may:

Section 5.4. Right of Indemnitee to Bring Suit. If (a) a claim under this Article for indemnification is not paid in full by the Corporation within sixty (60) days after a claim, given in any manner and by any means permitted under the Act, has been received by the Corporation; or (b) a claim under this Article for advancement of Expenses is not paid in full by the Corporation within twenty (20) days after claim, given in any manner and by any means permitted under the Act, has been received by the Corporation, then the Indemnitee may, but need not, at any time thereafter bring suit against the Corporation to recover the unpaid amount of the claim. To the extent successful in whole or in part, the Indemnitee shall be entitled to also be paid the expense (to be proportionately prorated if the Indemnitee is only partially successful) of prosecuting such claim.

Neither (a) the failure of the Corporation (including its Board of Directors or independent legal counsel) to have made a determination prior to the commencement of such Proceeding that indemnification or reimbursement or advancement of Expenses to the Indemnitee is proper in the circumstances, nor (b) an actual determination by the Corporation (including its Board of Directors or its independent legal counsel) that the Indemnitee is not entitled to indemnification or to the reimbursement or advancement of Expenses, shall be a defense to the Proceeding or create a presumption that the Indemnitee is not so entitled.

Section 5.5. Contribution. If an Indemnitee is not paid the indemnification provided in this Article VIII for any reason other than because the indemnification is prohibited by the Act (for example, because indemnification is held to be against the public policy even though otherwise permitted under this Article), then in any Proceeding in which the Corporation is jointly liable with the Indemnitee (or would be if joined in such Proceeding), the Corporation shall contribute to the Indemnitee's loss in an amount that reflects the following:

- the relative benefits received by the Corporation as compared to the Indemnitee from the transaction from which such Proceeding arose, and
- the relative fault of the Corporation as compared to the Indemnitee that resulted in such loss, and
- any other equitable consideration.

The relative benefits received by, and fault of, the Corporation on the one hand, and the Indemnitee on the other shall be determined by a court of appropriate jurisdiction (which may be the same court in which the Proceeding took place) with reference to, among other things, the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information, and opportunity to correct or prevent the circumstances resulting in such loss. The Corporation agrees that it would not be just and equitable if contribution pursuant to this section was determined by pro rata allocation or any other method of allocation that does not take account of the foregoing equitable considerations.

<u>Section 6.</u> Exceptions. Any other provision herein to the contrary notwithstanding the Corporation shall not be obligated pursuant to the terms of this Article to indemnify or advance Expenses to Indemnitee with respect to any Proceeding:

Section 6.1. Claims Initiated by Indemnitee. Initiated or brought voluntarily by Indemnitee and not by way of defense, except with respect to Proceedings brought to establish or enforce a right to indemnification under the Bylaws, or any other statute or law or as otherwise required under the statute; but such indemnification or advancement of Expenses may be provided by the Corporation in specific cases if the Board of Directors finds it to be appropriate.

Section 6.2. Lack of Good Faith. Instituted by Indemnitee to enforce or interpret rights under the Bylaws, if a court of competent jurisdiction determines that each of the material assertions made by Indemnitee in such Proceeding was not made in good faith or was frivolous.

Section 6.3. Insured Claims. For which any of the Expenses or Liabilities for indemnification is being sought have been paid directly to Indemnitee by an insurance carrier under a policy of officers' and directors' liability insurance maintained by the Corporation.

Section 6.4. Prohibited by Law. If the Corporation is prohibited by the Act or other applicable law as then in effect from paying such indemnification and/or advancement of Expenses.

ARTICLE IX BYLAWS

Bylaws of the Corporation may be adopted by the Board of Directors at any regular meeting or any special meeting called for that purpose, so long as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of these Articles of Incorporation. The authority to make, alter, amend, or repeal Bylaws is vested in the Board of Directors and may be exercised at any regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors, subject to such requirements as may be set forth in the Bylaws. by the affirmative vote of three-fourths (3/4) of the directors then in office and advance written approval of the Attorney General of the State of Washington.

ARTICLE X AMENDMENT

These Articles of Incorporation may be amended by the Directors, subject to such requirements as may be set forth in the Corporation's Bylaws.directors upon (i) the affirmative vote of three-fourths (3/4) of the directors then in office, but in no event can Article III ("Purposes and Powers") be amended to be inconsistent with the purpose of promoting the health of the residents of the State of Washington; and (ii) other than with respect to amendments of Article XI ("Registered Office and Agent"), no amendments to the Articles of Incorporation may be adopted without the advance written approval of the Attorney General of the State of Washington.

ARTICLE XI REGISTERED OFFICE AND AGENT

ARTICLE XII DISSOLUTION

Upon the winding up and dissolution of the Corporation, the assets of the Corporation remaining after payment of, or provision for payment of, all debts and liabilities of the Corporation, shall be distributed to ana charitable organization or organizations recognized as tax-exempt under Sectionsection 501(c)(3) of the Code, or thea successor provision thereof, and used exclusively to accomplish the purposes for which this Corporation is organized; provided that such assets shall be distributed in accordance with any applicable agreement, plan or other instrument governing the property granted, bequeathed, devised, or otherwise transferred to the Corporation, to the extent such agreement, plan or other instrument directs that such assets be distributed to an organization or organizations recognized as exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code, or the successor provision thereof. Corporation's purposes.

ARTICLE XIII INCORPORATOR

The name and address of the incorporator of the Corporation is as follows:

	[incorporator] [address]				
	Karen E. Glover 925 Fourth Avenue Suite 2900 Seattle, Washington 98104-1158				
this _	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has signed these Articles of Incorporation day of, 200				
	<u>{Incorporator}</u> <u>Karen E. Glover</u> Incorporator				

CONSENT TO APPOINTMENT AS REGISTERED AGENT

<u>———CT Corporation</u> hereby consents to serve as registered agent, in the									
State of Washington, for [Washington Foundation Shareholder] (the "Corporation"). We									
understand that as agent for the Corporation, it will be our responsibility to accept service of process in the name of the Corporation; to forward all mail and license renewals to the appropriate officer(s) of the Corporation; and to notify the Office of the Secretary of State immediately of our resignation, or of any changes in the address of the registered office of the									
								Corporation for which we are agent.	
								Date:, 20	
,									
	[Registered Agent]								
	CT Corp.								
	D.								
	By								
	[Name of Officer of Registered Agent, Title]								
	[INSERT WHEN AVAILABLE]								
	INDERT WILLWAYAREADEL								
Address:									
[INSERT WHEN AVAILABLE]									
Seattle, Washington [INSERT]									
[Address]									